

100 VILLISTAS SLAIN

LEADER TAKEN PRISONER IN FIGHT FIFTY MILES FROM CHIHUAHUA CITY.

HEAVY LOSSES FOR CARRANZA

General Ramos, in Command of First Chief's Forces, Was Slightly Wounded—More Troops Are on Way to Hunt Villa.

Chihuahua City, Mex., Sept. 30.—More than a hundred Villa followers were killed, the bandit leader, Baudelio Uribe, was taken prisoner and heavy casualties were suffered by Carranza forces in a fight at Cusiuhirachic, an important mining center about fifty miles southwest of Chihuahua City, according to a message received by General Trevino from Gen. Matias Ramos, who himself was slightly wounded.

General Ramos had left Chihuahua City with a large force of Carranza troops, with orders to divide his force and distribute the troops in such positions as to prevent Villa from moving northward toward the American expeditionary force.

It is stated that the garrison at Cusiuhirachic co-operated with the forces of Ramos, but whether they were attacked or were the aggressors is not known.

Baudelio Uribe, leader of the band and Villa's chief lieutenant, was the originator of the idea of cutting off the ears of captured government soldiers. Many others of his command are reported to have been made prisoner.

Troops continue to pour into Chihuahua City from the south to participate in the Villa hunt. Gen. Apolonio Trevino's command arrived from Torreon during the day and paraded through the streets. These troops will be sent into the field at once.

ALLIES HALTED BY BULGARS

Teutonic Forces Hold Road to Monastir Against Advance of Foe on Macedonian Front.

London, Sept. 30.—Serbian and French dispatches make evident that the Bulgarians are holding the road to Monastir against the advance of the entente allies on the western Macedonian front.

Six desperate counter-attacks were made by the Bulgars on the entente left within the last forty-eight hours. All were repulsed with serious loss to the enemy and to the troops of General Samail.

According to the Berlin official statement, the battle in the vicinity of Hermannstadt on the Transylvanian front continues. The German report reiterates claims of success for the Teutonic forces.

The Berlin report concludes: "Our aviators again dropped a great number of bombs on Bucharest, which still was burning at several points as the result of our previous attack."

"HANG GERMANS NOT LOYAL"

Von Bethmann-Hollweg Makes Statement in Address at Opening of the Reichstag.

Berlin, Sept. 30.—Any statesman refusing to do everything possible against England would deserve hanging, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg declared in his speech before the reichstag, which convened here on Thursday.

The chancellor did not refer to possible peace. His address was enthusiastically applauded.

He began by outlining the events which led up to the Italian and Roumanian declarations of war.

"For more than a year the Italian government resisted. Finally the measures which England employs with equal ruthlessness against neutrals and her allies were too strong. Italy's warfare depends upon English coal and English money. Finally she had to give in."

SAY GENERAL STRIKE FOILED

New York Police Assert That Huge Walkout Did Not Take Place.

New York, Sept. 30.—The widely exploited sympathetic walkout of trades unionists in Greater New York in aid of the striking carmen, which was supposed to have started on Thursday, has not materialized, according to the police.

The labor leaders claimed, however, that upward of 140,000 workers actually had quit their places, but refused to make public the names of any unions answering the call. The police declared they were unable to find any evidence of a general strike.

DRESSING HIM UP!



VILLISTAS ARE ACTIVE

REPORTED THAT TWO CARRANZA GARRISONS ANNIHILATED.

U. S. Officers in Texas Informed of Victories Over Mexican Regular Troops.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 27.—Annihilation of Carranza garrisons at Santa Ysabel and San Andres, Chihuahua, during sudden attack by Villa bandits, was reported to the United States army intelligence department, according to an announcement from military headquarters here.

It was stated that Gen. Jose Cavazos, in command at Santa Ysabel, returned to Chihuahua City with a mere handful of his command of 400 men, the rest having been killed or put to flight by the bandits.

At San Andres the bandits attacked the command of Colonel Bandazua, which was said to have been wiped out. Zuzua himself having been killed.

The reports indicated that Villa, who was then about thirty-five miles west of Chihuahua City, had not only annihilated the government forces sent after him following the Chihuahua City attack on Hidaigo, but might be pushing north toward the American outposts at El Valle.

This supposition was not credited at military headquarters here, where it was announced that information had been received that Villa again will attack Chihuahua City on a date disclosed to American authorities but retained in confidence as a military secret.

MORE TROOPS SENT HOME

Illinois and Wisconsin Artillery and Field Hospital Among Those Who Will Return.

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 30.—The following troops are designated to go home: Second Maine, Laredo; regiment New York artillery, Brownsville; First Pennsylvania field artillery, El Paso; Battery A, Rhode Island field artillery, El Paso; First battalion First Massachusetts field artillery, El Paso; First Illinois field artillery and Wisconsin battery, San Antonio; field hospital, Illinois, San Antonio; Second Massachusetts, El Paso; First Connecticut, Nogales; First Montana, Douglas; First squadron New Jersey cavalry, First battalion New Jersey artillery, Columbus; Battalion District of Columbia, Nao; First squadron Utah cavalry, Nogales, and First Ambulance corps, New York, McAllen. These troops will be replaced by 10,000 guardsmen ordered to border service.

65 KILLED IN AIR RAIDS

Bucharest Bombarded by Aeroplanes and Zeppelins in the Afternoon and at Night.

Bucharest, via London, Sept. 28.—Sixty persons were killed and a large number wounded in Bucharest on Monday afternoon by bombs dropped from a squadron of aeroplanes of the Teutonic allies, and five others were killed at night by bombs dropped on the city from a Zeppelin, according to an official communication issued on Tuesday.

TAKE GERMAN BASES

ALLIES CAPTURE COMBLES AND THIEPVAL BY STORM.

British and French Troops Share the Honor of Taking Teuton Stronghold.

London, Sept. 28.—Combles was captured by the allies on Tuesday in a hand-to-hand battle through the ruined streets and maze of defenses. British and French forces share the honor of taking the German base which has been their immediate objective for weeks.

Hardly had the news of the fall of Combles reached London before General Haig advised the war office that Thiepvail, key to Bapaume, one of the other objectives of the drive, had crumbled before the attacks of the British.

Berlin (by wireless to Sayville, L. I.), Sept. 27.—The German statement says:

"Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria—Successes were obtained by the enemy east of Eaucourt l'Abbaye and the capture of the villages on the line of Guedecourt-Bouchavesnes must be recognized. But before all we must think of our heroic troops, which faced the united Anglo-French principal forces and the massed employment of material of the whole world's war industry prepared during many months."

"Near Bouchavesnes and further southward as far as the Somme French charges, repeated many times, failed under the heaviest sacrifices."

VENIZELLOS FLEES IN BOAT

Former Greek Premier Picked Up at Sea by Merchant Ship—Will Head Revolt.

Athens, Sept. 27, via London.—M. Venizelos, the former premier, left Athens at five o'clock Monday morning. The merchant ship Hesperia picked him up from a boat in the open sea.

It is said that M. Venizelos will first visit Crete and then proceed to Saloniki.

(The inference from the above dispatch is that M. Venizelos was forced to flee from Athens secretly in order to carry out his plans for a revolution which would put Greece into the war on the side of the allies. The fact that he was obliged to put to sea in an open boat reveals that the king still controls Athens, though adherents of Venizelos have seized control in most of the country except where the Germans and Bulgarians have military power.)

Thirty thousand armed Cretans now control Crete in behalf of Venizelos. They have turned over all government buildings to the leaders of the separatist movement.

The complete success of the revolutionists on the island of Crete is said to have inspired him to immediate action.

Mytilene to Join Revolt. Paris, Sept. 29.—An Athens dispatch to the Havas agency says that a monster meeting will be held at Mytilene, at which the revolution will be proclaimed.

GREECE ENTERS WAR

COUNCIL AND KING AGREE UPON MILITARY CO-OPERATION WITH THE ENTENTE.

LONG STRUGGLE IS ENDED

Allies Win Last of Doubtful States in Historic Diplomatic Controversy—Ruler Acts When Threatened With Revolt Headed by Former Premier.

London, Sept. 29.—The council of Greek ministers has decided, in agreement with King Constantine, upon military co-operation with the entente powers, says a Reuters dispatch received on Wednesday from Athens.

A possible excuse for a Greek declaration of war is seen in an Athens dispatch reporting that the Greek steamship Ellen was torpedoed by a German submarine off the coast of Sardinia. The crew was saved.

Paris had advised that Greek troops in Canea, to the number of 4,000, have joined the revolutionists. Only a colonel, a few other officers and 25 of the men remained loyal to the government.

The decision of Greece to enter the war ends one of the most interesting diplomatic conflicts in world history. With Italy, Bulgaria and Roumania, Greece pivoted on the brink of war from the first day of the world conflict.

Now that the country has decided to take the plunge, the last of the uncertain powers is out in the open, a diplomatic war is ended in victory for the entente and the way is open for a finish fight on the battlefields of Europe.

Why Greece has acted as it has may be explained in the following summary, based on events of the last few months as they have reached this country through the various censored news sources:

1. Insistence of former Premier Venizelos, who since the war began has insisted that Greece join the entente.
2. Failure of the Bulgarians and their allies to keep Bulgaria's promise not to seize Drama, Seres and Kavala.
3. Seizure of the Greek army corps (40,000 men) at Kavala and deportation of the troops to Germany.

The people of Greece have leaned toward the entente allies since the beginning of the war. King Constantine, whose queen is a sister of Kaiser Wilhelm, has been considered pro-German, however, and until now has balked all efforts to throw Greece into the war on the side of the entente.

Delay by the king kept Greece from joining the entente and national affairs in the kingdom drifted from bad to worse until the entente virtually established a dictatorship in the country and all concessions for Greece's entry into the war were withdrawn.

Gradually the entente strengthened its grip on the country until it had seized all the means of communication and ousted German agents.

Almost simultaneously revolution stuck up its head. With the first indications of a revolt former Premier Venizelos declared the king would have to bow to the popular will or the people would take the country's fate into their own hands.

Crete was seized by the revolutionists. Venizelos fled from Athens in an open boat to take charge of a provisional government there, and now the king has "decided" to enter the war. Apparently Venizelos at last has forced the king's hand, and as victor in the controversy appears to be the strongest man in Greece.

JEALOUS WOMAN SLAYS MAN

Mrs. Belzer of Brooklyn Also Wounds Wife of Chicagoan and Then Ends Life.

Philadelphia, Sept. 29.—A discarded mistress, jealous of the Chicago society woman who had supplanted her, shot and killed Joseph C. Graveur, a New York social worker, dangerously wounded his newest conquest and then killed herself in the Hotel Walton early Wednesday morning.

The woman who did the shooting was Mrs. Harry Belzer, an attractive brunette, thirty-three years old, of 315 Euclid avenue, Brooklyn. The woman who supplanted her is Mrs. J. C. Le Duc, wife of a business man of 5003 Sheridan road, Chicago. Mrs. Le Duc is dangerously wounded, with a pistol shot through her lungs, in the Jefferson hospital.

Bandits Hold Up Train.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 29.—Michigan Central passenger train No. 14, due at Detroit from the west at 11:35 Wednesday night, was stopped by armed bandits two miles east of Dearborn. The mail car and engine were uncoupled from the train and driven ten miles from the scene of the holdup. The mail and express cars were looted.

HUSBAND OBJECTS TO OPERATION

Wife Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Des Moines, Iowa.—"Four years ago I was very sick and my life was nearly spent. The doctors stated that I would never get well without an operation and that without it I would not live one year. My husband objected to any operation and got me some of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it and commenced

to get better and am now well, am stout and able to do my own housework. I can recommend the Vegetable Compound to any woman who is sick and run down as a wonderful strength and health restorer. My husband says I would have been in my grave ere this if it had not been for your Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. BLANCHE JEFFERSON, 703 Lyon St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Before submitting to a surgical operation it is wise to try to build up the female system and cure its derangements with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; it has saved many women from surgical operations.

Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham

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Morning lameness, sharp twinges when bending, or an all-day back-ache; each is cause enough to suspect kidney trouble. Get after the cause. Help the kidneys. We Americans go it too hard. We overdo, overeat and neglect our sleep and exercise and so we are fast becoming a nation of kidney sufferers. 72% more deaths than in 1890 is the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

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T. B. Redd, Cadiz, Ky., says: "I had to get up often at night to pass the kidney secretions and mornings I was all worn out. Intense pains darted through my back and hips and I could hardly straighten. I had dizzy spells, too, and often staggered. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and best of all, I haven't had any need of a kidney medicine since."

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